

Norman Cross  
Rural District Council.

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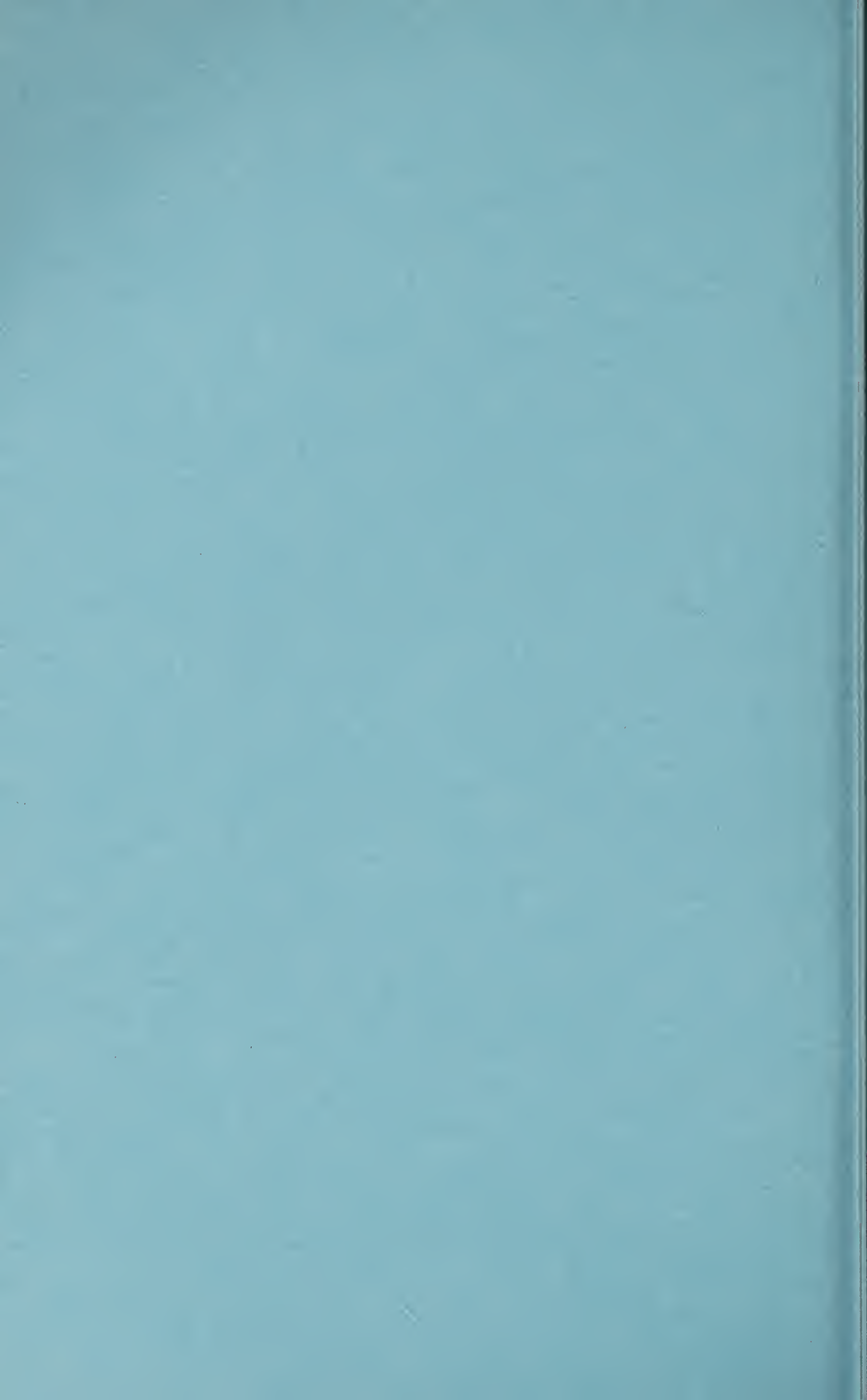
# ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

upon the

Sanitary Condition of the District  
During the year 1967.



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# **NORMAN CROSS RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.**

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## **MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE**

Mr. A. E. HANCOCK (Chairman)

Miss E. E. BROWN

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Mr. T. W. M. COOK

Mr. B. A. GENTRY

Mr. H. M. T. JONES

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Mrs. I. T. SHEARING

Mr. L. R. TOLSON

Mrs. J. B. WATERWORTH

## **STAFF**

Medical Officer of Health ..... PHILIP V. CANT, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector ..... H. E. REEVE, F.R.S.H., F.F.S., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health

Inspector ..... A. E. BENNETT, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.



To the Norman Cross Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting my tenth Annual Report upon the sanitary conditions of the District, for the year ended 31st December, 1967.

The District lies mainly to the south of Peterborough, running across the County from east to west.

The main industries are agriculture and brick making, there is also engineering and a tar distillery. There are three poultry processing premises in the area. Many people who live in the area find their employment in Peterborough.

The Registrar General estimated the mid-year population to be 11,410, which was an increase of 550 over the previous year.

There were 213 live births during the year, giving a crude birth rate of 18.7 and an adjusted birth rate of 18.1 per thousand population. This is higher than the rate for England and Wales which was 17.2 during the same period.

Six infant deaths occurred during the year, giving an Infant Mortality Rate of 28 per 1,000 live births. The rate for England and Wales was 18.3 per 1,000.

There were 91 deaths during the year, 43 males and 48 females. This gives a crude death rate of 8 per 1,000 persons. When adjusted by the relatively high Comparability Factor of 1.23 it becomes 9.8 per 1,000 persons, which is still well below 11.2, the rate for England and Wales.

Twenty-three people died from Cancer in one or other of its forms, five of these being from Cancer of the Lung. I am sure that if the population could drastically cut down their smoking habits Cancer of the Lung would become a much rarer cause of death, than it is at present.

During the year 122 cases of Measles were notified, and two cases of Whooping Cough. At the time of writing this report immunisation against Measles has just started on a County scale. A satisfactory vaccine is now available, although not yet in great quantity, and the project now has the blessing of the Ministry of Health.

Two new cases of T.B. were notified during the year, but there were no deaths from this disease.

Work began on the Water Comprehensive Improvement Scheme in April, 1966, and continued unremittingly throughout 1967. As I write this report the completion of the scheme is in sight. It is designed to supply the needs of Folksworth and other villages for the next 30 years, and its completion will bring much needed relief to the people of Folksworth, and also to the Council's Water Department Staff who have done much to maintain as adequate a supply of water as was possible for Folksworth over the last few years.

Work on the sewerage of Elton, Holme, and Sibson-cum-Stibbington, which began in January, 1965, continued throughout the year, as did also the sewerage of Alwalton and Chesterton, which started in November, 1966.

Plans are now in hand for the sewerage of Folksworth, which as mentioned in last year's report is now an urgent Public Health necessity. The lack of adequate sewerage in the area is causing considerable trouble and expense to many people, and is holding up development which is desirable, and is provided for in the County Plan. The Comprehensive Water Improvement Scheme was a vital necessity for this area before a water carriage system for the removal of sewage could even be considered.

Again it gives me much pleasure to thank the Members of the Council, their Officers and Staff, and my Professional Colleagues in the District, for all the help which they have given me during the year.



## STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area .....	35795 acres
Estimated Population (mid 1967) .....	11,410
Density of persons per acre .....	.32
Number of Inhabited Houses, end of 1967 .....	3,764
Rateable Value, 31/12/67 .....	£398,866
Value of Penny Rate, 31/3/67 .....	£1,585 approx.

### VITAL STATISTICS.

Live Births .....	213
Live birth rate per 1,000 population .....	18.7
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births .....	3.3
Still-births .....	Nil
Still-births rate per 1,000 live and still-births .....	Nil
Total live and still-births .....	213
Infant deaths .....	6
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births—total .....	28
Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 total births .....	14
Maternal deaths (including abortion) .....	Nil
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still-births .....	Nil
Death rate per 1,000 population .....	8.0

### INFANT DEATHS

	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
Actual Number of Deaths	3	2	7	5	3	6
Rates All Infants Per 1,000 Live Births	19.9	11.0	36.3	26.2	14.3	28
Deaths from Cancer (total) .....						23
Malignant Neoplasm Lung, Bronchus .....						5
Coronary Disease—angina .....						20
Other Heart Disease .....						7

### Comparison of rates with those of England & Wales.

	Per 1,000 Population				Per 1,000 Live Births	Per 1,000 Total Births
	Live Birth Rate	Ad-justed Birth Rate	Crude Death Rate	Ad-justed Death Rate	Infantile Mortality Rate	Still Births Rate
Norman Cross R.D.C.	18.7	18.1	8.0	9.8	28	Nil
England & Wales	—	17.2	—	11.2	18.3	14.8

Comparability Factor for Births .....	0.97
Comparability Factor for Deaths .....	1.23

(The Comparability Factors are figures by which the crude-birth and death rates need to be multiplied so as to find the adjusted rates. The adjusted rates are then comparable with the rates for England and Wales, or the adjusted rates of any other place in the Country.)

The Registrar General calculates the factors from information available to him concerning, amongst other things, the age and sex structure of the population.)

The following table shows the classification of deaths from all causes (Registrar-General's figures) :—

CAUSES OF DEATH.		Males	Females	Totals
All Causes.		43	48	91
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	.....	—	—	—
2. Tuberculosis, other	.....	—	—	—
3. Syphilitic disease	.....	—	—	—
4. Diphtheria	.....	—	—	—
5. Whooping Cough	.....	—	—	—
6. Meningococcal infections	.....	—	—	—
7. Acute poliomyelitis	.....	—	—	—
8. Measles	.....	—	—	—
9. Other infective & parasitic diseases	.....	—	—	—
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	.....	2	2	4
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	.....	4	1	5
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast	.....	—	2	2
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus	.....	—	—	—
14. Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	.....	5	7	12
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia	.....	—	1	1
16. Diabetes	.....	—	1	1
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system	.....	3	10	13
18. Coronary disease, angina	.....	14	6	20
19. Hypertension with heart disease	.....	—	—	—
20. Other heart disease	.....	4	3	7
21. Other circulatory disease	.....	2	3	5
22. Influenza	.....	—	1	1
23. Pneumonia	.....	1	3	4
24. Bronchitis	.....	1	—	1
25. Other diseases of respiratory system	.....	—	—	—
26. Ulcer of stomach & duodenum	.....	—	—	—
27. Gastritis, enteritis & diarrhoea	.....	—	—	—
28. Nephritis & nephrosis	.....	—	—	—
29. Hyperplasia of prostate	.....	—	—	—
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	.....	—	—	—
31. Congenital malformations	.....	1	1	2
32. Other defined & ill-defined diseases	.....	2	5	7
33. Motor Vehicle accidents	.....	2	—	2
34. All other accidents	.....	2	1	3
35. Suicide	.....	—	1	1
36. Homicide & operations of war	.....	—	—	—



Surveyor & Public Health Inspector's Office,  
18 Priestgate,  
Peterborough.  
10th July, 1968.

To: The Medical Officer of Health

Sir,

I have the honour to present my eighteenth Annual Report, for the year ended 31st December, 1967.

**HOUSING:** The number of new dwellings built since 1945 is as follows:

**(a) By the District Council:—**

<i>Up to 31st December, 1965</i>				<i>During 1966</i>		<i>During 1967</i>	
Alwalton	4	Morborne	4	Stilton	20	Alwalton	17
Chesterton	2	Orton Longueville	6	Farcet	22	Holme	8
Elton	18	Orton Waterville	14	Holme	6	Yaxley	13
Farcet	68	Stibbington	2	Yaxley	29		
Folksworth	2	Stilton	69	(Flatlets)			
Glatton	4	Yaxley	185				
Holme	20						
<hr/>				<hr/>		<hr/>	
Totals		398		77		38=513	

With the 87 pre-war and war-time houses, the Council now own 600 dwellings.

**Dwellings under construction by Council:**

Alwalton—12 Houses and 9 Bungalows

Elton—14 Houses and 8 Bungalows.

**Plans approved or in Preparation:**

Sites at Farcet, Elton, Folksworth, Stilton and Stibbington.

(b) by Private Developers :—

The number of dwellings completed since January, 1947 is as follows :—

YEAR	HOUSES	BUNGALOWS	TOTAL
1947/52	33	11	44
1953	20	6	26
1954	20	26	46
1955	24	26	50
1956	29	31	60
1957	16	32	48
1958	19	16	35
1959	13	44	57
1960	41	36	77
1961	30	42	72
1962	32	59	91
1963	73	56	129
1964	112	69	181
1965	133	54	187
1966	152	41	193
1947—1966	747	549	1296

Completed during 1967:—

PARISH	HOUSES	BUNGALOWS	TOTALS
Chesterton .. ..	3	1	4
Glatton .. ..	—	1	1
Orton Longueville .. ..	23	33	56
Orton Waterville .. ..	7	20	27
Stilton .. ..	11	11	22
Yaxley .. ..	40	5	45
	84	71	155

Total private dwellings erected since 1947—1,451.

Private dwellings under construction at 31st December, 1967:—

120 Houses and 43 Bungalows=163 Dwellings.

# PRIVATE ENTERPRISE HOUSING

The completion figures show a 20% drop compared with last year, no doubt due to financial difficulties and other uncertainties; however, the number under construction at the end of the year was satisfactory. Once again, the bulk of the properties were on estates at Orton Longueville, Orton Waterville, Stilton and Yaxley. The interesting development of a Shopping Precinct at Malting Piece, Yaxley, made a good start and should form a useful addition to this expanding village.

There is ample land in the district, already zoned for housing, to maintain steady progress for several years.

The Building Inspector's work during the year is as follows:

## Inspections

Private Housing	New building work	..	..	..	3,690
	Alterations and additions	..	..	..	251
Council Contracts	Housing sites	..	..	..	110
	Repainting of houses	..	..	..	153
	Improvements (bathrooms)	..	..	..	29
Foul Sewer Tests	Satisfactory	..	..	..	29
	Unsatisfactory	..	..	..	3
House Drain Tests	Satisfactory	..	..	..	260
	Unsatisfactory	..	..	..	33

Details of plans and applications submitted during the year are as follows:

New houses	..	..	..	41	Electricity lines	..	..	7
Bungalows	..	..	..	32	Greenhouses and conserva-			
Garden, tool and store sheds	22				tories	..	..	27
Agricultural buildings	..	6			Caravan applications	..		6
Garages	..	59			Schools	..	..	1
Outline applications	..	41			Shops	..	..	4
Notices and signs	..	5			Factories	..	..	3
New accesses	..	2			Pig sties	..	..	1
Alterations and additions	..	76			Miscellaneous	..	..	39
					Total	..	..	372

## COUNCIL HOUSE BUILDING

Work continued on the sites already commenced, together with preparatory work on layouts and new house designs.

At Farcet, a final layout was agreed for Stage 2 of the development near the Church. This portion of the estate will have oil-fired warm air "brick central" heaters, fed from a central oil distribution tank.



At Alwalton, where work commenced last year on 24 houses and 14 bungalows, progress was slow. Negotiations commenced in connection with the sale of the Eastern end of this site, the intention being to provide all services and sell individual plots.

Work commenced on 14 houses and 8 bungalows at Elton, and good progress was made.

At Holmewood 14 dwellings and 14 garages were completed within the contract period. The existing road on this estate was brought up to adoption standard.

Preliminary layouts were prepared for a small estate at Stibington.

At Manor Close, Yaxley, 13 bungalows and eight garages were completed. This is a pleasant development, formed by using allotment land owned by the Council, added to other land from the very long gardens of older Council Houses nearby. Eventually, this area will join the private development now proceeding from Church Street; the present vehicular access from Broadway will then be closed.

The Housing Programme for 1968-72 was revised and submitted to the Ministry. The development at Farcet in 1968 was approved, but in accordance with the Circular issued just previously the Ministry notified the Council that future schemes would need to be related far more closely than hitherto to the over-riding needs of slum clearance and the elderly.

A detailed report was made in June on methods of central heating of existing Council Houses. The tenants were offered, for the payment of an addition on the rent, the alternative of an oil-fired flued convector with warm air distributed by grilles, or electric night storage heaters. A loan was obtained and several installations made. Competitive prices will be obtained for the bulk of the installation work.

## **HOUSING ACTION AND IMPROVEMENT**

Sixteen Demolition Orders were made during the year; 16 houses were demolished, 10 being the result of Demolition Orders and 6 for other reasons. A steady supply of new Council Houses in the areas required will enable continuing progress with this vital work.

Applications were received for two Discretionary and twenty-five Standard Grants.

There are no Common Lodging Houses and no overcrowding within the meaning of the Housing Acts.

## **WATER SUPPLY**

The comprehensive water improvement scheme, commenced in April, 1966, is slightly behind schedule, but is being carried out with the minimum inconvenience to consumers. All the main laying was



completed during the year, leaving chlorination and fixing of indicator plates, meters, etc., before putting into service. The one million gallon reservoir at Folksworth has been constructed and the brickwork to the small pumping station on the site has been completed; valves, penstocks and access covers are required to complete reservoir and the pumphouse requires roofing and installation of machinery. The existing pumping stations at Fletton Avenue and Yaxley are to be completely re-modelled with new and larger pumps, but so far only underground main alterations have been commenced at Yaxley. The R.E. staff have worked closely with the Council staff on all aspects of this contract. The reservoir at Folksworth will have to be filled before pumps can be changed over at Yaxley and some temporary arrangements for pumping from Yaxley and Fletton Avenue may be necessary. Trench reinstatement has been generally satisfactory and the County Council have commenced permanent reinstatement.

There were continuing difficulties in supplying parts of Folksworth, but towards the end of the year some improvement was made by hand control of pumps at Fletton Avenue, staff working regular overtime to maintain the best supply possible. Routine work and maintenance on water supply and other work has been delayed due to the considerable time spent on maintaining supplies.

The Draft Order for re-grouping of Water Authorities in the area was received in June and a Local Inquiry held on 5th December, 1967. It is likely that the new Water Board will be in operation in 1968.

During the year 202 domestic, 14 metered and 167 building supplies were connected. There were 28 burst mains and 34 burst services. Water consumption was 72,598 thousand gallons on metered supplies and 111,122 thousand gallons on domestic, a total of 183,720 thousand gallons. The domestic consumption was 26.7 gallons per head per day. On the total supply the consumption was 44.2 gallons per head per day. This again is an increase over the previous year, which is to be expected with the building operations in progress, modernisation schemes in individual properties and the continuing steady progress with construction of foul sewers in various parishes.

The statistics of the water supply to the district are as follows:

PARISH	Number of Premises	Number Without Main Water	Number of Houses Supplied from Main	Population Supplied from Main
Alwalton .. ..	97		97	200
Chesterton .. ..	46		46	153
Denton and Caldecote	31	3	28	71
Elton .. ..	193		193	562
Farcet .. ..	393		393	1,344
Folksworth and Washingley .. ..	106	1	105	302
Glatton .. ..	71	2	69	177
Haddon .. ..	22		22	68
Holme .. ..	172		172	551
Morborne .. ..	15		15	50
Orton Longueville ..	758		758	2,250
Orton Waterville ..	205		205	630
Sibson-cum- Stibbington .. ..	160	2	158	500
Stilton .. ..	287		287	865
Water Newton .. ..	33	1	32	72
Yaxley .. ..	1,175	3	1,172	3,579
<b>TOTAL ..</b>	<b>3,764</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>3,752</b>	<b>11,374</b>

There are no street standpipes.

The water supplied in the district is purchased in bulk mainly from Peterborough and is distributed to all Parishes; a small area at Stibbington is supplied from the South Lincs. Water Board.

28 samples of water were taken during the year and were sent for bacteriological examination. 4 samples were reported as unsatisfactory. These were from new mains which were re-chlorinated, flushed and re-tested satisfactorily. No chemical examinations of water were made during the year. The main water is within the "very hard" category and is not plumbo-solvent.

The Fluoride content is low, being between 0.11 and 0.18 parts per million.

There are no public swimming baths in the district, but there are four shallow plastic-lined beginners' pools at Schools at Holme, Orton Longueville, Stilton and Yaxley and a larger conventional pool at the Orton Longueville School.

## DRAINAGE

By the end of 1967 drains from 2,687 properties had been connected to the public sewers in Yaxley, Farcet, Stilton, Orton Longueville, Orton Waterville (Contract 6), Elton, Holme, and Sibson-cum-Stibbington (Contract 9), and Alwalton and Chesterton (Contract 14).



167 Cesspools were abolished and properties connected to the public sewer.

8 Pails were converted to W.C.s.

8 new Septic Tanks were provided in unsewered areas.

Drainage Contract No. 9 for the sewerage of Elton, Holme, and Sibson-cum-Stibbington made only slow progress during the year. The three Treatment works and all pump installations have been substantially completed, but all require decoration and there are many outstanding items. The house connections at Holme and Sibson-cum-Stibbington are complete and many private connections are being made. At Elton, connection work has been commenced. The permanent reinstatement of roads has been completed by the Highway Authority.

On Drainage Contract No. 14 for the sewerage of Alwalton and Chesterton, work proceeded on sewer laying. The surface water sewer is complete and foul sewers two-thirds complete. The contractors encountered a very difficult section in laying both foul and surface water sewers through fields between Oundle Road and the River; excavation on this section was the deepest in the contract and the rock was so hard that all methods failed to move it except blasting by an explosives expert, which proved to be very slow work indeed. These sewers were essential to the completion of the Council's programme for new housing at Alwalton and it was a relief to find that there was little delay in the occupation of houses due to the difficulties. The pumping main from the pumping station near the River up to the Treatment works at Stibbington was laid and the pumping well constructed during the year, but as the pump manufacturers were not able to meet the date promised for completion, it was found necessary in the early stages of occupation of the Council Estate to use a private contractor's soil disposal vehicle to remove the sewage out of the sewer at the pump well until the pumping station was completed. The building work and the site work at the pumping station remain to be completed and house laterals and re-connection will have to be done when sewer laying is complete.

The Consulting Engineers are being pressed to present the completed scheme for the sewerage of Folksworth so that the very necessary work in this village can proceed and thus abate nuisances.

The overflow to London Road, Yaxley Drainage Pumping Station was relaid by Council labour on a new line to avoid the occasional nuisances that have occurred in the past.

## **REFUSE COLLECTION**

During the year the tip at Elton was extended to give several more years' use. The old collection vehicle was overhauled to enable it to continue work for a few years.

At most holiday periods additional collections were made so as to avoid a gap of 2 weeks between collections in the parishes visited on a Monday.

The weight and more particularly the bulk of refuse continues to increase. This factor, together with the steady increase in house construction and the continuing labour problem, will necessitate a reconsideration of the rota scheme and bonus scheme within the next 12 months, so as to keep a regular collection schedule and leave Saturday mornings free for bulky refuse collection and vehicle maintenance. The Civic Amenities Act will also cause additional work in vehicle removal and bulky refuse facilities.

## **MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION**

100% inspection of meat at Farcet Slaughterhouse was again carried out. There was a slight reduction in throughput of pigs, but a 30% increase in sheep. Sunday inspection of meat will cease on 1st January, 1968, as agreed in October, 1966.

There was some increase in activity in inspection of food premises, and this should continue as clerical work and routine repair inspection work is removed from the shoulders of the 2 Public Health Inspectors. Several incidents involving unsound food were investigated, including mouldy crumpets, mouldy pork pies, fibres on bread and paper in a bottle of milk. All these cases were investigated on site and at source with the co-operation of Inspectors in other districts. Remedial action was taken and no prosecutions were necessary.



The statistics relating to meat inspection and food premises are as follows:—

**Carcases and Offal Inspected and condemned in whole or in part.**

	Cattle Exclud- ing Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	94	—	2	345	3778	—
Number inspected	94	—	2	345	3778	—

**All diseases except  
Tuberculosis & Cysticerci**

Whole carcasses condemned	—	—	—	—	1	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	12	—	—	2	177	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis & cysticerci	12.76	—	—	0.57	4.71	—

**Tuberculosis only**

Whole carcasses condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	—	—	—	—	119	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	—	—	—	—	3.14	—

**Cysticerci**

Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	—	—	—	—	—	—
Generalised and totally condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—

Meat Inspection Fees — £162. 4. 3.

Statistics relating to Food Premises are as follows:—

1. No. of Food Premises by type of business.

Bakehouses	Nil	} 91 Premises. (None has been counted under more than one heading).
Butchers	4	
Cafes	5	
Confectioner	Nil	
Fish and Chips	4	
General	29	
Greengrocers	1	
Public Houses & Clubs	25	
Sweets	12	
Poultry	4	
Works Canteens	5	
Vegetable Packers	2	

2. Food Hygiene Regulations.

Type of Business	No. of Premises	No. of Premises fitted to comply with Reg. 16	No. of Premises to which Reg. 19 applies	No. of Premises fitted to comply with Reg. 19
Butchers	4	4	4	4
Cafes	5	5	5	5
Confectioners	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Fish and Chips	4	4	4	4
General	29	29	29	29
Greengrocers	1	1	1	1
Public Houses & Clubs	25	25	25	25
Sweets	12	12	Nil	Nil
Poultry	4	4	3	3
Works Canteens	5	5	5	5
Vegetable Packers	2	2	Nil	Nil
Total	91	91	76	76

3. No. of inspections of registered food premises—259

4. Any new Educational activity—Nil

5. Method of disposal of condemned foods—  
stained green and removed by Contractor. Subsequently treated at Waste Products Plant.

## POULTRY INSPECTION

1. Number of Poultry Processing premises within the district: 3.
2. Number of visits to these premises: 60.
3. Total number of birds processed during the year: 156,500.
4. Types of birds processed: 137,000 Hens and Chickens,  
16,000 Ducks,  
3,500 Turkeys.

5. Percentage of birds rejected as unfit for human consumption:  
Hens and chickens: 3% before plucking, mainly due to tumours.  
2% after evisceration, mainly due to E. coli.
6. Weight of poultry condemned: Discarded birds are not weighed but taken away daily by waste products merchant.
7. Comments on poultry processing and inspection:  
The three poultry processing premises in the district are comparatively small installations, Regular visits have been made during working hours and random visits during cleansing periods. One of the premises processes turkeys and ducks only and buys in other birds.

### Factories Act 1961

Premises	No. on Register	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
Factories without power	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Factories with power	30	46	Nil	Nil
Building sites, etc.	26	40	Nil	Nil
Total	56	86	Nil	Nil
Defects	Found	Remedied	Prosecutions	
Want of Cleanliness	1	1	Nil	
Sanitary Conveniences				
Unsatisfactory	1	1	Nil	
Total	2	2	Nil	

Outworkers — Nil.

4,571 visits were made by Public Health Inspectors as follows:

New buildings .. ..	95	Meat and Food .. ..	219
Sewers and Drains .. ..	151	Housing and Public Health	
Rodents .. ..	29	Acts .. ..	115
Refuse Disposal .. ..	180	Caravans .. ..	10
Water supply .. ..	146	Council Committees and	
Council Houses .. ..	476	Conferences .. ..	61
Offices, Shops and Railway		Vermin .. ..	6
Premises Act .. ..	31	Interviews .. ..	3,001
Factories Act .. ..	46	Miscellaneous .. ..	125

### MISCELLANEOUS

At Alwalton Showground a Transit Site was established by the Caravan Club.

A Public Inquiry was held in June, 1967, with the Consultant's Plan for the Expansion of Peterborough. This plan includes a Township of 30,000 population to the South of the Ortons, to commence in 5 years time.

Extra accommodation being required for office staff, internal alterations have been made during the year to the existing offices, as a short term measure. In present conditions, offices and works outside the City would have advantages both to the public who call and as an aid to efficient administration.

In conclusion, I should like to thank the Chairman and Members for their encouragement and the other officers and staff for their help during another busy year.

H. ERIC REEVE,  
*Surveyor and Public Health Inspector.*



The following table gives the incidence of notifiable diseases (other than tuberculosis) in the area during 1967.

DISEASE	Total Deaths		Cases admitted to Hospital	
	65 & upwards	45 — 65	35 — 45	20 — 35
Erysipelas				
Smallpox				
Scarlet Fever				
Diphtheria				
Cerebro-Spinal Fever				
Pneumonia				
Measles				
Whooping Cough				
Poliomyelitis				
Jaundice				
Puerperal Pyrexia				
Meningococcal Meningitis				
Food Poisoning				
Dysentery				
TOTAL	122	2		

**Tuberculosis.**

AGE PERIODS	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0—1 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1—5 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5—15 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15—25 .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25—35 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35—45 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45—55 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
55—65 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 & upwards.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL:—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

I am,

Your obedient servant,

PHILIP V. CANT,

Medical Officer of Health.

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Stanground,  
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